

**CARGOJET INC.**

**BY-LAW NO. 4**

**ARTICLE 1  
INTERPRETATION**

**Section 1.1 Definitions**

In the by-law of the Corporation, unless the context otherwise requires:

"**Act**" means the *Business Corporations Act*, R.S.O. 1990 c. B.16, as amended;

"**Agent**" means a Person appointed to act on behalf of another;

"**Applicable Securities Laws**" means the applicable securities legislation of each relevant province and territory of Canada, as amended from time to time, the rules, regulations and forms made or promulgated under any such statute and the published national instruments, multilateral instruments, policies, bulletins and notices of the securities commissions and similar regulatory authority of each province and territory of Canada;

"**appoint**" includes "**elect**" and vice versa;

"**Articles**" means the articles of the Corporation, as amended from time to time;

"**Board**" means the board of directors of the Corporation;

"**by-law**" means this by-law no. 4, as amended from time to time;

"**By-Law No. 1**" means by-law no. 1 dated as of the 7<sup>th</sup> day of April 2010;

"**By-Law No. 2**" means by-law no. 2 dated as of the 7<sup>th</sup> day of April 2010;

"**By-Law No. 3**" means by-law no. 3 dated as of the 29<sup>th</sup> day of March 2017;

"**Canada Evidence Act**" means the *Canada Evidence Act*, R.S.C. (1985), c. C-5 and the regulations made under such Act, as amended;

"**Canada Transportation Act**" means the *Canada Transportation Act*, S.C. 1996, c. 10, as amended;

"**Canadian**" means a Canadian within the meaning set forth in Subsection 55(1) of the Canada Transportation Act or as specified in any regulation made thereunder as the same may be amended, supplemented or replaced, from time to time;

"**Corporation**" means Cargojet Inc.;

"**Depository**" means CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc. or any other Person acting as an intermediary for the payment or delivery of securities in respect of securities transactions and providing centralized services for the compensation of securities transactions or providing centralized services as a depository in respect of the compensation of securities transactions;

"**meeting of shareholders**" includes an annual meeting of shareholders and a special meeting of shareholders; "**special meeting of shareholders**" includes a meeting of any class or classes of

shareholders and a special meeting of all shareholders entitled to vote at an annual meeting of shareholders;

**"non-business day"** means Saturday, Sunday and any other day that is a holiday as defined in the *Interpretation Act* (Ontario);

**"Non-Canadian"** means a Person who is not a Canadian;

**"Participant"** means a holder of Voting Shares or the Agent of such holder registered with the Depositary;

**"Person"** includes an individual, corporation, body corporate, partnership, unincorporated organization, government or agency thereof, trustee, executor, administrator and other legal representative, and when used in this by-law, references to "Person" in the singular shall be deemed to include the plural and vice versa;

**"Public Announcement"** shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by a national news service in Canada, or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation under its profile on the System of Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com);

**"recorded address"** means in the case of a shareholder his or her address as recorded in the securities register; and in the case of joint shareholders the address appearing in the securities register in respect of such joint holding or the first address so appearing if there is more than one; and in the case of a director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board his or her latest address as recorded in the records of the Corporation;

**"Registration System"** means the services offered by the Depositary;

**"Securities Transfer Act"** means the *Securities Transfer Act* (Ontario) 2006, c.8. as amended from time to time;

**"signing officer"** means, in relation to any instrument, any person authorized to sign the same on behalf of the Corporation by Section 2.3 or by a resolution passed pursuant thereto;

**"Transfer Agent"** means Computershare Investor Services Inc. or any other corporation designated by the Board to act as Transfer Agent of the Corporation; and

**"Voting Share"** means a share carrying voting rights under all circumstances or under some circumstances that have occurred and are continuing and includes a security currently convertible into such a share and currently exercisable options and rights to acquire such a share or such a convertible security.

all terms contained in the by-law that are not otherwise defined in the by-law and which are defined in the Act shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Act; and

the singular shall include the plural and the plural shall include the singular; the masculine shall include the feminine and neuter genders.

## **Section 1.2 Conflict with Laws**

In the event of any inconsistency between the by-law and mandatory provisions of the Act or the Securities Transfer Act, the provisions of the Act or the Securities Transfer Act, as applicable, shall prevail.

## **ARTICLE 2 BUSINESS OF THE CORPORATION**

### **Section 2.1 Corporate Seal**

The Corporation may have a corporate seal which shall be adopted and may be changed by resolution of the Board.

### **Section 2.2 Financial Year**

The financial year of the Corporation shall be as determined by the Board from time to time.

### **Section 2.3 Execution of Instruments**

Contracts, documents or instruments requiring the signature of the Corporation may be signed on behalf of the Corporation, either manually or by facsimile or electronic means, by any one officer or director and instruments in writing so signed shall be binding upon the Corporation without any further authorization or formality. The Board shall have power from time to time by resolution to appoint any officer or officers or any person or persons or any legal entity on behalf of the Corporation either to sign contracts, documents and instruments in writing generally or to sign specific contracts, documents or instruments in writing.

The seal of the Corporation may, when required, be affixed to contracts, documents and instruments in writing signed as aforesaid or by any officer or officers, person or persons, appointed as aforesaid by resolution of the Board.

The term "**contracts, documents or instruments in writing**" as used in this by-law shall include deeds, mortgages, hypothecs, charges, conveyances, transfers and assignments of property, real or personal, movable or immovable, agreements, releases, receipts and discharges for the payment of money or other obligations, conveyances, transfers and assignments of shares, share warrants, stocks, bonds, debentures, notes or other securities and all paper writings or electronic writings.

### **Section 2.4 Banking Arrangements**

The banking business of the Corporation, or any part thereof, including, without limitation, the borrowing of money and the giving of security therefor, shall be transacted with such banks, trust companies or other bodies corporate or organizations as may from time to time be designated by or under the authority of the Board. Such banking business or any part thereof shall be transacted under such agreements, instructions and delegations of powers as the Board may from time to time by resolution prescribe or authorize.

### **Section 2.5 Custody of Securities**

All shares and securities owned by the Corporation shall be lodged (in the name of the Corporation) with a chartered bank or a trust company or in a safety deposit box or, if so authorized by resolution of the Board, with such other depositaries or in such other manner as may be determined from time to time by resolution of the Board.

All share certificates, bonds, debentures, notes or other obligations or securities belonging to the Corporation may be issued or held in the name of a nominee or nominees of the Corporation (and if issued or held in the names of more than one nominee shall be held in the names of the nominees jointly with the right of survivorship) and shall be endorsed in blank with endorsement guaranteed in order to enable transfer to be completed and registration to be effected.

## **Section 2.6 Voting Shares and Securities in other Companies**

All of the shares or other securities carrying voting rights of any other body corporate held from time to time by the Corporation may be voted at any and all meetings of shareholders, bondholders, debenture holders or holders of other securities (as the case may be) of such other body corporate and in such manner and by such person or persons as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The proper signing officers of the Corporation may also from time to time execute and deliver for and on behalf of the Corporation proxies and/or arrange for the issuance of voting certificates and/or other evidence of the right to vote in such names as they may determine without the necessity of a resolution or other action by the Board.

## **ARTICLE 3 DIRECTORS**

### **Section 3.1 Number of Directors and Quorum**

The number of directors of the Corporation shall be the number of directors as specified in the Articles or, where a minimum and maximum number of directors is provided for in the Articles, the number of directors of the Corporation shall be the number of directors determined from time to time by special resolution or, if a special resolution empowers the directors to determine the number, the number of directors determined by resolution of the Board. Subject to the Act, the quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board shall be a majority of the number of directors then in office and or such greater number of directors as the Board may from time to time by resolution determine. Notwithstanding any vacancy among the number of directors, a quorum may exercise all the powers of the directors.

### **Section 3.2 Qualification**

No person shall be qualified for election as a director if disqualified in accordance with the Act (which would currently include: a person who is less than 18 years of age; a person who has been found under the *Substitute Decisions Act, 1992* or under the *Mental Health Act* to be incapable of managing property or who has been found to be incapable by a court in Canada or elsewhere; a person who is not an individual; or a person who has the status of a bankrupt). A director need not be a shareholder. The Board shall be comprised of the number of Canadian residents as may be prescribed from time to time by the Act (which is currently a minimum of 25%). If the Corporation is or becomes an offering corporation within the meaning of the Act, at least one-third of the directors of the Corporation shall not be officers or employees of the Corporation or any of its affiliates.

### **Section 3.3 Election and Term**

The election of directors shall take place at the first meeting of shareholders and at each succeeding annual meeting of shareholders and all the directors then in office shall retire but, if qualified, shall be eligible for re-election. The number of directors to be elected at any such meeting shall be the number of directors as specified in the Articles or, if a minimum and maximum number of directors is provided for in the Articles, the number of directors determined by special resolution or, if the special resolution empowers the directors to determine the number, the number of directors determined by resolution of the Board. The voting on the election shall be by show of hands unless a ballot is demanded by any shareholder. If an election of directors is not held at the proper time, the incumbent directors shall continue in office until their successors are elected.

### **Section 3.4 Removal of Directors**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the shareholders may by ordinary resolution passed at a meeting specially called for such purpose remove any director from office and the vacancy created by such removal may be filled at the same meeting failing which it may be filled by a quorum of the directors.

### **Section 3.5 Vacation of Office**

A director ceases to hold office when he or she dies or, subject to the Act, resigns; he or she is removed from office by the shareholders in accordance with the Act; is found under the *Substitute Decisions Act, 1992* or under the *Mental Health Act* to be incapable of managing property or who is found to be incapable by a court in Canada or elsewhere; or if he or she acquires the status of a bankrupt.

### **Section 3.6 Vacancies**

Subject to the Act, a quorum of the Board may fill a vacancy in the Board, except a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number or maximum number of directors or from a failure of the shareholders to elect the number of directors required to be elected at any meeting of shareholders. In the absence of a quorum of the Board, or if the vacancy has arisen from a failure of the shareholders to elect the number of directors required to be elected at any meeting of shareholders, the directors then in office shall forthwith call a special meeting of shareholders to fill the vacancy. If the directors then in office fail to call such meeting or if there are no directors then in office, any shareholder may call the meeting.

### **Section 3.7 Action by the Board**

The Board shall manage or supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation. Subject to Section 3.8, the powers of the Board may be exercised at a meeting at which a quorum is present or by resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of the Board. Where there is a vacancy in the Board, the remaining directors may exercise all the powers of the Board so long as a quorum of the Board remains in office.

### **Section 3.8 Meeting by Telephone**

If all the directors of the Corporation present or participating in the meeting consent, a director may participate in a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board by means of such telephone, electronic or other communications facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and a director participating in such a meeting by such means is deemed to be present at the meeting. Any such consent shall be effective whether given before or after the meeting to which it relates and may be given with respect to all meetings of the Board and of committees of the Board held while a director holds office.

### **Section 3.9 Place of Meetings**

Meetings of the Board may be held at any place within or outside Ontario. In any financial year of the Corporation a majority of the meetings of the Board need not be held within Canada.

### **Section 3.10 Calling of Meetings**

Subject to the Act, meetings of the Board shall be held from time to time on such day and at such time and at such place as the Board, the Chairman of the Board, the President, or a Vice-President who is a director or any one director may determine and the Secretary, when directed by the Board, the Chairman of the Board, the President, or a Vice-President who is a director or any one director shall convene a meeting of the Board.

### **Section 3.11 Notice of Meeting**

Notice of the date, time and place of each meeting of the Board shall be given in the manner provided in Section 12.1 to each director not less than 48 hours (exclusive of any part of a non-business day) before the time when the meeting is to be held. A notice of a meeting of directors need not specify the purpose of or the business to be transacted at the meeting except where the Act requires such purpose or business to be specified.

A director may in any manner waive notice of or otherwise consent to a meeting of the Board.

### **Section 3.12 First Meeting of New Board**

Provided a quorum of directors is present, each newly elected Board may without notice hold its first meeting immediately following the meeting of shareholders at which such Board is elected.

### **Section 3.13 Adjourned Meeting**

Notice of an adjourned meeting of the Board is not required if the time and place of the adjourned meeting is announced at the original meeting.

### **Section 3.14 Regular Meetings**

The Board may appoint a day or days in any month or months for regular meetings of the Board at a place and hour to be named. A copy of a schedule of regular meetings of the Board setting forth the proposed dates, times and places of such regular meetings shall be sent to each director at the commencement of each calendar year, however, each director shall also be provided with a follow-up notice of meeting and agenda prior to each regularly scheduled meeting.

### **Section 3.15 Chairman**

The chairman of any meeting of the Board shall be the first mentioned of such of the following directors or officers, if also a director, and is present at the meeting: the Chairman of the Board, the President, lead director or a Vice-President. If no such officer is present, the directors present shall choose one of their number to be chairman.

### **Section 3.16 Votes to Govern**

At all meetings of the Board every question shall be decided by a majority of the votes cast on the question. In case of an equality of votes, the chairman of the meeting shall not be entitled to a second or casting vote.

### **Section 3.17 Conflict of Interest**

A director or officer who is a party to, or who is a director or officer of or has a material interest in any person who is a party to, a material contract or transaction or proposed material contract or transaction with the Corporation shall disclose in writing to the Corporation or request to have entered in the minutes of the meetings of the directors the nature and extent of his or her interest at the time and in the manner provided by the Act. Any such contract or transaction or proposed contract or transaction shall be referred to the Board or shareholders for approval even if such contract is one that in the ordinary course of the Corporation's business would not require approval by the Board or shareholders, and a director interested in a contract or transaction so referred to the Board shall not attend any part of a meeting of the Board during which the contract or transaction is discussed and shall not vote on any resolution to approve the same except as permitted by the Act. If no quorum exists for the purpose of voting on a resolution to approve a contract or transaction only because a director is not permitted to be present at the meeting by reason of this section, the remaining directors shall be deemed to constitute a quorum for the purposes of voting on the resolution. Where all of the directors are required to disclose their interests pursuant to this section, the contract or transaction may be approved only by the shareholders.

### **Section 3.18 Remuneration and Expenses**

The directors shall be paid such remuneration for their services as the Board may from time to time determine. The directors shall also be entitled to be reimbursed for traveling and other expenses

properly incurred by them in attending meetings of the shareholders or of the Board or any committee thereof or otherwise in the performance of their duties. Nothing herein contained shall preclude any director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving remuneration therefor.

## **ARTICLE 4 COMMITTEES**

### **Section 4.1 Committee of Directors**

The Board may appoint a committee of directors, however designated, and delegate to such committee any of the powers of the Board except those which pertain to items which, under the Act, a committee of directors has no authority to exercise.

### **Section 4.2 Transaction of Business**

The powers of a committee of directors may be exercised by a meeting at which a quorum is present or by resolution in writing signed by all members of such committee who would have been entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of the committee. Meetings of such committee may be held at any place within or outside Ontario.

### **Section 4.3 Advisory Committees**

The Board may from time to time appoint such other committees as it may deem advisable, but the functions of any such other committees shall be advisory only.

### **Section 4.4 Procedure**

Unless otherwise determined by the Board, a quorum for meetings of any committee shall be a majority of its members (provided that a majority of the directors comprising such quorum shall not be non-residents). Each committee shall have the power to appoint its chairperson and the rules for calling, holding, conducting and adjourning meetings of the committee shall be the same as those governing the directors. Each member of a committee shall serve during the pleasure of the directors, and in any event, only so long as he or she shall be a director. The directors may fill vacancies in a committee by appointment from among their members. Provided that a quorum is maintained, the committee may continue to exercise its powers notwithstanding any vacancy among its members.

## **ARTICLE 5 OFFICERS**

### **Section 5.1 Appointment**

The Board may from time to time appoint a Chairman of the Board, a President, a lead director, one or more Vice-Presidents (to which title may be added words indicating seniority or function), a Chief Executive Officer, a Secretary, a Treasurer and such other officers as the Board may determine. The Board may specify the duties of and, in accordance with this by-law and subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate to such officers powers to manage the business and affairs of the Corporation. Subject to Section 5.2, an officer may but need not be a director and one person may hold more than one office. In case and whenever the same person holds the offices of Secretary and Treasurer, he or she may but need not be known as the Secretary-Treasurer. All officers shall sign such contracts, documents, or instruments in writing as require their respective signatures. In the case of the absence or inability to act of any officer or for any other reason that the Board may deem sufficient, the Board may delegate all or any of the powers of such officer to any other officer or to any director for the time being.

## **Section 5.2 Chairman of the Board**

The Chairman of the Board, if appointed, shall be a director and shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall be vested with and may exercise such powers and shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him or her by the Board. During the absence or disability of the Chairman of the Board, his or her duties shall be performed, and his or her powers exercised by the lead director, if any.

## **Section 5.3 President**

The President shall, and unless and until the Board designates any other officer of the Corporation to be the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, be the Chief Executive Officer and, subject to the authority of the Board shall have general supervision of the business and affairs of the Corporation and such other powers and duties as the Board may specify. The President shall be vested with and may exercise all the powers and shall perform all the duties of the Chairman of the Board if none be appointed or if the Chairman of the Board is absent or unable or refuses to act.

## **Section 5.4 Lead Director**

Subject to the Act, the Board may appoint from their number a lead director who shall possess and exercise such authority and powers and shall perform such duties as may be determined by the by-law and the Board. A lead director shall not be an officer of the Corporation.

## **Section 5.5 Vice-President**

Each Vice-President shall have such powers and duties as the Board or the President and Chief Executive Officer may specify. The Vice-President or, if more than one, the Vice-President designated from time to time by the Board or by the President, shall be vested with all the powers and shall perform all the duties of the President in the absence or inability or refusal to act of the President, provided, however, that a Vice-President who is not a director shall not preside as chairman at any meeting of the Board.

## **Section 5.6 Chief Executive Officer**

The Chief Executive Officer shall have, under the control of the Board, general supervision and direction of the business and affairs of the Corporation. The Chief Executive Officer shall possess and exercise such authority and powers and perform such other duties as may be determined by the by-law, the Board and the Chairman of the Board. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board and lead director, if any, and if the Chief Executive Officer is also a director of the Corporation, the Chief Executive Officer shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the directors, any committee of the directors and shareholders; he or she shall sign such contracts, documents or instruments in writing as require his or her signature, and shall have such other powers and shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him or her by resolution of the directors or as are incident to his or her office.

## **Section 5.7 Secretary**

The Secretary shall give or cause to be given as and when instructed, all notices to shareholders, directors, officers, auditors and members of committees of the Board; he or she shall be the custodian of the stamp or mechanical device generally used for affixing the corporate seal of the Corporation and all books, papers, records, documents and instruments belonging to the Corporation, except when some other officer or agent has been appointed for that purpose; and he or she shall have such other powers and duties as the Board may specify.



### **Section 5.8 Treasurer**

The Treasurer shall keep proper accounting records in compliance with the Act and shall be responsible for the deposit of money, the safekeeping of securities and the disbursement of the funds of the Corporation; he or she shall render to the Board whenever required an account of all his or her transactions as Treasurer and of the financial position of the Corporation; and he or she shall have such other powers and duties as the Board may specify.

### **Section 5.9 Powers and Duties of Other Officers**

The powers and duties of all other officers shall be such as the terms of their engagement call for or as the Board may specify. Any of the powers and duties of an officer to whom an assistant has been appointed may be exercised and performed by such assistant, unless the Board otherwise directs.

### **Section 5.10 Variation of Powers and Duties**

The Board may from time to time and subject to the provisions of the Act, vary, add to or limit the powers and duties of any officer.

### **Section 5.11 Term of Office**

The Board, in its discretion, may remove any officer of the Corporation, with or without cause, without prejudice to such officer's rights under any employment contract.

Otherwise each officer appointed by the Board shall hold office until his or her successor is appointed or until the earlier of his or her resignation or death.

### **Section 5.12 Terms of Employment and Remuneration**

The terms of employment and the remuneration of an officer appointed by the Board shall be settled by it from time to time. The fact that any officer or employee is a director or shareholder of the Corporation shall not disqualify him or her from receiving such remuneration as may be so determined.

### **Section 5.13 Conflict of Interest**

An officer shall disclose his or her interest in any material contract or transaction or proposed material contract or transaction with the Corporation in accordance with Section 3.17.

### **Section 5.14 Agents and Attorneys**

The Board shall have power from time to time to appoint agents or attorneys for the Corporation in or outside Canada with such powers of management or otherwise (including the powers to subdelegate) as may be thought fit.

### **Section 5.15 Fidelity Bonds**

The Board may require such officers, employees and agents of the Corporation as the Board deems advisable to furnish bonds for the faithful discharge of their powers and duties, in such form and with such surety as the Board may from time to time determine but no director shall be liable for failure to require any such bond or for the insufficiency of any such bond or for any loss by reason of the failure of the Corporation to receive any indemnity thereby provided.

**ARTICLE 6  
PROTECTION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OTHERS**

**Section 6.1 Submission of Contracts or Transactions to Shareholders for Approval**

The Board in its discretion may submit any contract, act or transaction for approval, ratification or confirmation at any meeting of the shareholders called for the purpose of considering the same and any contract, act or transaction that shall be approved, ratified or confirmed by a resolution passed by a majority of the votes cast at any such meeting (unless any different or additional requirement is imposed by the Act or by the Articles or any other by-law) shall be as valid and as binding upon the Corporation and upon all the shareholders as though it had been approved, ratified or confirmed by every shareholder of the Corporation.

**Section 6.2 For the Protection of Directors and Officers**

In supplement of and not by way of limitation upon any rights conferred upon directors by the provisions of the Act, it is declared that no director shall be disqualified by his or her office from, or vacate his or her office by reason of, holding any office or place of profit under the Corporation or under any body corporate in which the Corporation shall be a shareholder or by reason of being otherwise in any way directly or indirectly interested or contracting with the Corporation either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise or being concerned in any contract or arrangement made or proposed to be entered into with the Corporation in which he or she is in any way directly or indirectly interested either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise nor shall any director be liable to account to the Corporation or any of its shareholders or creditors for any profit arising from any such office or place of profit; and, subject to the provisions of the Act, no contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Corporation in which any director shall be in any way directly or indirectly interested shall be avoided or voidable and no director shall be liable to account to the Corporation or any of its shareholders or creditors for any profit realized by or from any such contract or arrangement by reason of the fiduciary relationship existing or established thereby. Subject to the provisions of the Act and to Section 3.17, no director shall be obliged to make any declaration of interest or refrain from voting in respect of a contract or proposed contract with the Corporation in which such director is in any way directly or indirectly interested.

**Section 6.3 Limitation of Liability**

Except as otherwise provided in the Act, no director or officer for the time being of the Corporation shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other director or officer or employee or for joining in any receipt or act for conformity or for any loss, damage or expense happening to the Corporation through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by the Corporation or for or on behalf of the Corporation or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of or belonging to the Corporation shall be placed out or invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious act of any persons, firm or corporation including any person, firm or corporation with whom or which any moneys, securities or effects shall be lodged or deposited for any loss, conversion, misapplication or misappropriation of or any damage resulting from any dealings with any moneys, securities or other assets belonging to the Corporation or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever which may happen in the execution of the duties of his or her respective office or trust or in relation thereto unless the same shall happen by or through his or her failure to exercise the powers and to discharge the duties of his or her office honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the Corporation and in connection therewith to exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. The directors for the time being of the Corporation shall not be under any duty or responsibility in respect of any contract, act or transaction whether or not made, done or entered into in the name or on behalf of the Corporation, except such as shall have been submitted to and authorized or approved by the Board. If any director or officer of the Corporation shall be employed by or shall perform services for the Corporation otherwise than as a director or officer or shall be a member of a firm or a shareholder, director or officer of a company which is employed by or performs services for the Corporation, the fact of his or her being a director or officer of the Corporation shall not disentitle such

director or officer or such firm or company, as the case may be, from receiving proper remuneration for such services.

#### **Section 6.4 Indemnity**

Subject to the limitations contained in the Act, the Corporation shall indemnify a director or officer, a former director or officer, or another individual who acts or acted at the Corporation's request as a director or officer, or an individual acting in a similar capacity, of another entity, against all costs, charges and expenses, including an amount paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgment, reasonably incurred by the individual in respect of any civil, criminal, administrative, investigative or other proceeding in which the individual is involved because of that association with the Corporation or other entity, if

- (a) the individual acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation or, as the case may be, to the best interests of the other entity for which the individual acted as a director or officer or in a similar capacity at the Corporation's request;
- (b) in the case of a criminal or administrative action or proceeding that is enforced by a monetary penalty, the individual had reasonable grounds for believing that the individual's conduct was lawful; and
- (c) a court or other competent authority has not judged that the individual has committed any fault or omitted to do anything that the individual ought to have done.

The Corporation shall also indemnify such person in such other circumstances as the Act permits or requires.

#### **Section 6.5 Insurance**

The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any person referred to in Section 6.4 against such liabilities and in such amounts as the Board may from time to time determine and are permitted by the Act.

### **ARTICLE 7 SHARES**

#### **Section 7.1 Allotment**

The Board may from time to time allot or grant options to purchase the whole or any part of the authorized and unissued shares of the Corporation at such times and to such persons and for such consideration as the Board shall determine, provided that no share shall be issued until it is fully paid as provided by the Act. Shares may be issued as uncertificated securities or be represented by share certificates in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Securities Transfer Act.

#### **Section 7.2 Commissions**

The Board may from time to time authorize the Corporation to pay a reasonable commission to any person in consideration of his or her purchasing or agreeing to purchase shares of the Corporation, whether from the Corporation or from any other person, or procuring or agreeing to procure purchasers for any such shares.

#### **Section 7.3 Registration of Transfers**

All transfers of securities of the Corporation shall be made in accordance with the Act and the Securities Transfer Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act and the Securities Transfer Act, no transfer of

shares represented by a security certificate (as defined in the Act) shall be registered in a securities register except upon presentation of the certificate representing such shares with an endorsement which complies with the Act and the Securities Transfer Act made thereon or delivered therewith duly executed by an appropriate person as provided by the Act and the Securities Transfer Act, together with such reasonable assurance that the endorsement is genuine and effective as the Board may from time to time prescribe, upon payment of all applicable taxes and any fees prescribed by the Board, upon compliance with such restrictions on transfer as are authorized by the Articles and upon satisfaction of any lien referred to in Section 7.5.

#### **Section 7.4 Transfer Agents and Registrars**

The Board may from time to time appoint one or more agents to maintain, in respect of each class of securities of the Corporation issued by it in registered form, a securities register and one or more branch securities registers. Such a person may be designated as transfer agent and registrar according to his or her functions and one person may be designated both registrar and transfer agent. The Board may at any time terminate such appointment.

#### **Section 7.5 Lien for Indebtedness**

The Corporation shall have a lien on any share registered in the name of a shareholder or his or her legal representatives for a debt of that shareholder to the Corporation, provided that if the shares of the Corporation are listed on a stock exchange in or outside Canada, the Corporation shall not have such lien. The Corporation may enforce any lien that it has on shares registered in the name of a shareholder indebted to the Corporation by the sale of the shares thereby affected or by any other action, suit, remedy or proceeding authorized or permitted by law and, pending such enforcement, the Corporation may refuse to register a transfer of the whole or any part of such shares.

#### **Section 7.6 Non-recognition of Trusts**

Subject to the provisions of the Act and the Securities Transfer Act, the Corporation may treat as absolute owner of any share the person in whose name the share is registered in the securities register as if that person had full legal capacity and authority to exercise all rights of ownership, irrespective of any indication to the contrary through knowledge or notice or description in the Corporation's records or on the share certificate.

#### **Section 7.7 Share Certificates and Written Evidence of Ownership**

Every holder of one or more shares of the Corporation that are certificated securities under the Act shall be entitled, at his or her option, to a share certificate, or to a non-transferable written acknowledgement of his or her right to obtain a share certificate, stating the number and class or series of shares held by such holder as shown on the securities register. Share certificates and acknowledgements of a shareholder's right to a share certificate, respectively, shall be in such form as the Board shall from time to time approve. Any share certificate shall be signed in accordance with Section 2.3 and need not be under the corporate seal; provided that, unless the Board otherwise determines, certificates representing shares in respect of which a transfer agent and/or registrar has been appointed shall not be valid unless countersigned by or on behalf of such transfer agent and/or registrar. The signature of one of the signing officers or, in the case of share certificates which are not valid unless countersigned by or on behalf of a transfer agent and/or registrar, the signatures of both signing officers, may be printed or mechanically reproduced in facsimile upon share certificates and every such facsimile signature shall for all purposes be deemed to be the signature of the officer whose signature it reproduces and shall be binding upon the Corporation. A share certificate executed as aforesaid shall be valid notwithstanding that one or both of the officers whose facsimile signature appears thereon no longer holds office at the date of issue of the certificate. Holders of uncertificated securities of the Corporation shall be entitled to receive a written notice or other documentation as provided by the Act.

### **Section 7.8 Replacement of Share Certificates**

The Board or any officer or agent designated by the Board may in its or his or her discretion direct the issue of a new share certificate in lieu of and upon cancellation of a share certificate that has been mutilated or in substitution for a share certificate claimed to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken on payment of such an amount designed by the Board, and on such terms as to indemnity, reimbursement of expenses and evidence of loss and of title as the Board or the transfer agent of the Corporation may from time to time prescribe, whether generally or in any particular case.

### **Section 7.9 Joint Shareholders**

If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, the Corporation shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate in respect thereof, and delivery of such certificate to one of such persons shall be sufficient delivery to all of them. Any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for the certificate issued in respect thereof or for any dividend, bonus, return of capital or other money payable or warrant issuable in respect of such shares.

### **Section 7.10 Deceased Shareholders**

In the event of the death of a holder, or of one of the joint holders, of any share, the Corporation shall not be required to make any entry in the securities register in respect thereof or to make payment of any dividends thereon except upon production of all such documents as may be required by law and upon compliance with the reasonable requirements of the Corporation and its transfer agents.

## **ARTICLE 8 DIVIDENDS AND RIGHTS**

### **Section 8.1 Dividends**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may from time to time declare dividends payable to the shareholders according to their respective rights and interest in the Corporation. Dividends may be paid in money or property or by issuing fully paid shares of the Corporation.

### **Section 8.2 Dividend Cheques**

A dividend payable in cash shall be paid either electronically by direct deposit or by cheque drawn on the Corporation's bankers or one of them to the order of each registered holder of shares of the class or series in respect of which it has been declared and, if paid by cheque, mailed by prepaid ordinary mail to such registered holder at his or her recorded address, unless such holder otherwise directs. In the case of joint holders any cheque issued shall, unless such joint holders otherwise direct, be made payable to the order of all of such joint holders and mailed to them at their recorded address. The mailing of such cheque as aforesaid, unless the same is not paid on due presentation, shall satisfy and discharge the liability for the dividend to the extent of the sum represented thereby plus the amount of any tax which the Corporation is required to and does withhold.

### **Section 8.3 Non-receipt of Cheques**

In the event of non-receipt of any dividend cheque by the person to whom it is sent as aforesaid, the Corporation shall issue to such person a replacement cheque for a like amount on such terms as to indemnity, reimbursement of expenses and evidence of nonreceipt and of title as the Board may from time to time prescribe, whether generally or in any particular case.

#### **Section 8.4 Record Date for Dividends and Rights**

The Board may fix in advance a date, preceding by not more than 50 days the date for the payment of any dividend or the date for the issue of any warrant or other evidence of the right to subscribe for securities of the Corporation, as a record date for the determination of the persons entitled to receive payment of such dividend or to exercise the right to subscribe for such securities, and notice of any such record date shall be given not less than seven (7) days before such record date in the manner provided by the Act. If no record date is so fixed, the record date for the determination of the persons entitled to receive payment of any dividend or to exercise the right to subscribe for securities of the Corporation shall be at the close of business on the day on which the resolution relating to such dividend or right to subscribe is passed by the Board.

#### **Section 8.5 Unclaimed Dividends**

Any dividend unclaimed after a period of six (6) years from the date on which the same has been declared to be payable shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Corporation.

### **ARTICLE 9 MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS**

#### **Section 9.1 Annual Meetings**

The annual meeting of shareholders shall be held at such time in each year as the Board or the Chairman of the Board may from time to time determine, in any event no later than June 30 in each year, for the purpose of considering the financial statements and reports required by the Act to be placed before the annual meeting, electing directors, appointing an auditor and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

#### **Section 9.2 Special Meetings**

The Board, the Chairman of the Board, the President or the Chief Executive Officer shall have the power to call a special meeting of shareholders at any time.

#### **Section 9.3 Place of Meetings**

A meeting of shareholders of the Corporation shall be held at such place in or outside of Canada as the Board may determine or, in the absence of such a determination, at the place where the registered office of the Corporation is located. A meeting of shareholders of the Corporation may be held by telephonic or electronic means. A shareholder who, through those means, votes at the meeting or establishes a communications link to the meeting is deemed for the purposes of the Act to be present at the meeting. The directors may establish procedures regarding the holding of meetings of shareholders of the Corporation by such means.

#### **Section 9.4 Notice of Meetings**

Notice of the time and place of each meeting of shareholders shall be given in the manner provided in Section 12.1 not less than 21 days nor more than 50 days before the date of the meeting to each director, to the auditor and to each shareholder who at the close of business on the record date for notice is entered in the securities register as the holder of one or more shares carrying the right to vote at the meeting. Notice of a meeting of shareholders called for any purpose other than consideration of the financial statements and auditor's report, election of directors and reappointment of the incumbent auditor shall state or be accompanied by a statement of the nature of such business in sufficient detail to permit the shareholder to form a reasoned judgment thereon and the text of any special resolution or bylaw to be submitted to the meeting. A shareholder and any other person entitled to attend a meeting of shareholders may in any manner waive notice of or otherwise consent to a meeting of shareholders.

### **Section 9.5 List of Shareholders Entitled to Notice**

For every meeting of shareholders, the Corporation shall prepare a list of shareholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order and showing the number of shares held by each shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting. If a record date for the meeting is fixed pursuant to Section 9.6, the list of shareholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting shall be prepared not later than ten (10) days after such record date. If no record date is fixed, the list of shareholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting shall be prepared as of the close of business on the day immediately preceding the day on which notice of the meeting is given, or where no such notice is given, on the day on which the meeting is held. The list shall be available for examination by any shareholder during usual business hours at the registered office of the Corporation or at the place where the central securities register is maintained and at the meeting of shareholders for which the list was prepared.

### **Section 9.6 Record Date for Notice**

The Board may fix in advance a date, preceding the date of any meeting of shareholders by not more than 60 days and not less than 21 days (or pursuant to the time limitations as may be prescribed by the Act from time to time), as a record date for the determination of the shareholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting, provided that notice of any such record date shall be given not less than seven (7) days before such record date by newspaper advertisement in the manner provided in the Act and, if any shares of the Corporation are listed for trading on a stock exchange in Canada, by written notice to each such stock exchange. If no record date is so fixed, the record date for the determination of the shareholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting shall be at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the day on which the notice is given or, if no notice is given, the day on which the meeting is held.

### **Section 9.7 Meetings without Notice**

A meeting of shareholders may be held without notice at any time and place permitted by the Act

- (a) if all the shareholders entitled to vote thereat are present in person or represented by proxy waive notice of or otherwise consent to such meeting being held, and
- (b) if the auditor and the directors are present or waive notice of or otherwise consent to such meeting being held, so long as such shareholders, auditor and directors present are not attending for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the meeting is not lawfully called. At such a meeting any business may be transacted which the Corporation at a meeting of shareholders may transact. If the meeting is held at a place outside Canada, shareholders not present or represented by proxy, but who have waived notice of or otherwise consented to such meeting, shall also be deemed to have consented to the meeting being held at such place.

### **Section 9.8 Chairman, Secretary and Scrutineers**

The Chairman of the Board or any other director or officer of the Corporation, as determined by the Board, may act as chairman of any meeting of shareholders. If no such director or officer is present within 15 minutes from the time fixed for holding the meeting, the persons present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman. If the Secretary of the Corporation is absent, the chairman shall appoint some person, who need not be a shareholder, to act as secretary of the meeting. If desired, one or more scrutineers, who need not be shareholders, may be appointed by a resolution or by the chairman with the consent of the meeting.

### **Section 9.9 Persons Entitled to be Present**

The only persons entitled to be present at a meeting of shareholders shall be those entitled to vote thereat, the directors and the auditor of the Corporation and others who, although not entitled to vote are entitled or required under any provision of the Act or the Articles or the by-law to be present at the meeting. Any other person may be admitted only on the invitation of the chairman of the meeting or with the consent of the meeting.

### **Section 9.10 Quorum**

A quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of shareholders shall be two (2) persons present in person, each being a shareholder entitled to vote thereat or a duly appointed proxy or proxyholder for an absent shareholder so entitled, holding or representing in the aggregate not less than 25% of the issued shares of the Corporation enjoying voting rights at such meeting.

### **Section 9.11 Right to Vote**

The persons entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders shall be the persons entitled to vote in accordance with the Act.

### **Section 9.12 Proxies**

Every shareholder entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders may appoint a proxyholder, or one or more alternate proxyholders, who need not be shareholders, to attend and act at the meeting in the manner and to the extent authorized and with the authority conferred by the proxy. A proxy shall be in writing executed by the shareholder or his or her attorney authorized in writing (or by electronic signature) and shall conform with the requirements of the Act.

### **Section 9.13 Time for Deposit of Proxies**

The Board may by resolution specify in a notice calling a meeting of shareholders a time, preceding the time of such meeting or an adjournment thereof by not more than 48 hours exclusive of any part of a non-business day, before which time proxies to be used at such meeting must be deposited. A proxy shall be acted upon only if, prior to the time so specified, it shall have been deposited with the Corporation or an agent thereof specified in such notice or, if no such time is specified in such notice, only if it has been received by the Secretary of the Corporation or by the chairman of the meeting or any adjournment thereof prior to the time of voting.

### **Section 9.14 Joint Shareholders**

If two (2) or more persons hold shares jointly, any one of them present in person or represented by proxy at a meeting of shareholders may, in the absence of the other or others, vote the shares; but if two (2) or more of those persons are present in person or represented by proxy and vote, they shall vote as one the shares jointly held by them.

### **Section 9.15 Votes to Govern**

At any meeting of shareholders every question shall, unless otherwise required by the Articles or by-law or by law, be determined by a majority of the votes cast on the question. In case of an equality of votes either upon a show of hands or upon a poll, the chairman of the meeting shall not be entitled to a second or casting vote.



### **Section 9.16 Show of Hands**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, any question at a meeting of shareholders shall be decided by a show of hands unless a ballot thereon is required or demanded as hereinafter provided. Upon a show of hands every person who is present and entitled to vote shall have one vote. Whenever a vote by show of hands shall have been taken upon a question, unless a ballot thereon is so required or demanded, a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that the vote upon the question has been carried or carried by a particular majority or not carried and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be sufficient evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against any resolution or other proceeding in respect of the said question, and the result of the vote so taken shall be the decision of the shareholders upon the said question.

### **Section 9.17 Ballots**

On any question proposed for consideration at a meeting of shareholders, and whether or not a vote by show of hands has been taken thereon, any shareholder or proxyholder entitled to vote at the meeting may require or demand a ballot. A ballot so required or demanded shall be taken in such manner as the chairman shall direct. A requirement or demand for a ballot may be withdrawn at any time prior to the taking of the ballot. If a ballot is taken each person present shall be entitled, in respect of the shares which he or she is entitled to vote at the meeting upon the question, to that number of votes provided by the Act or the Articles, and the result of the ballot so taken shall be the decision of the shareholders upon the said question.

### **Section 9.18 Adjournment**

The chairman at the meeting of shareholders may with the consent of the meeting and subject to such conditions as the meeting may decide, or where otherwise permitted under the provisions of the Act, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. If a meeting of shareholders is adjourned for less than 30 days, it shall not be necessary to give notice of the adjourned meeting, other than by announcement at the earliest meeting that is adjourned. If a meeting of shareholders is adjourned by one or more adjournments for an aggregate of 30 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as for an original meeting.

### **Section 9.19 Resolution in Writing**

A resolution in writing signed by all the shareholders entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of shareholders is as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the shareholders unless a written statement with respect to the subject matter of the resolution is submitted by a director or the auditor in accordance with the Act.

## **ARTICLE 10 INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS**

### **Section 10.1 Information Available to Shareholders**

Except as provided by the Act, no shareholder shall be entitled to discovery of any information respecting any details or conduct of the Corporation's business which in the opinion of the directors it would be inexpedient in the interests of the Corporation to communicate to the public.

### **Section 10.2 Directors' Determination**

The directors may from time to time, subject to the rights conferred by the Act, determine whether and to what extent and at what time and place and under what conditions or regulations the documents, books and registers and accounting records of the Corporation or any of them shall be open to the inspection of shareholders and no shareholder shall have any right to inspect any document or book or

register or accounting record of the Corporation except as conferred by statute or authorized by the Board or by a resolution of the shareholders in general meeting.

## **ARTICLE 11 DIVISIONS AND DEPARTMENTS**

### **Section 11.1 Creation and Consolidation of Divisions**

The Board may cause the business and operations of the Corporation or any part thereof to be divided or to be segregated into one or more subsidiaries, partnerships or other legal entities upon such basis, including without limitation, character or type of operation, geographical territory, product manufactured, or service rendered, as the Board may consider appropriate in each case. The Board may also cause the business and operations of any such subsidiary, partnership or other legal entity to be further divided into subsidiaries, partnerships or other legal entities and the business and operations of any such subsidiaries, partnerships or other legal entities to be consolidated upon such basis as the Board may consider appropriate in each case.

### **Section 11.2 Name of Division**

Any division or its sub-units may be designated by such name as the Board may from time to time determine and may transact business under such name, provided that the Corporation shall set out its name in legible characters in all contracts, invoices, negotiable instruments and orders for goods or services issued or made by or on behalf of the Corporation.

### **Section 11.3 Officers of Division**

From time to time the Board or, if authorized by the Board, the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, may appoint one or more officers for any division, prescribe their powers and duties and settle their terms of employment and remuneration. The Board or, if authorized by the Board, the President and/or Chief Executive Officer, may remove at its or his or her pleasure any officer so appointed, without prejudice to such officer's rights under any employment contract. Officers of divisions or their sub-units shall not, as such, be officers of the Corporation.

## **ARTICLE 12 NOTICES**

### **Section 12.1 Method of Giving Notices**

Any notice (which term includes any communication or document) to be given (which term includes sent, delivered or served) pursuant to the Act, the regulations thereunder, the Articles, the by-law or otherwise to a shareholder, director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board shall be sufficiently given if delivered personally to the person to whom it is to be given or if delivered to such person's recorded address or if mailed to such person at his or her recorded address by prepaid mail or if sent to such person at his or her recorded address by any means of prepaid transmitted or recorded communication. A notice so delivered shall be deemed to have been given when it is delivered personally or to the recorded address as aforesaid; a notice so mailed shall be deemed to have been given when deposited in a post office or public letter box and shall be deemed to have been received on the fifth day after so depositing; and a notice so sent by any means of transmitted or recorded communication shall be deemed to have been given when dispatched or delivered to the appropriate communication company or agency or its representative for dispatch. The Secretary may change or cause to be changed the recorded address of any shareholder, director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board in accordance with any information believed by him or her to be reliable.

## **Section 12.2 Signature to Notices**

The signature of any director or officer of the Corporation to any notice or document to be given by the Corporation may be written, stamped, typewritten or printed or partly written, stamped, typewritten or printed.

## **Section 12.3 Proof of Service**

A certificate of the Chairman of the Board, the President and Chief Executive Officer, a Vice-President, the Chief Financial Officer, the Secretary, the Treasurer or of any other officer of the Corporation in office at the time of the making of the certificate or of a transfer officer of any transfer agent or branch transfer agent of shares of any class of the Corporation as to the facts in relation to the mailing or delivery of any notice or other document to any shareholder, director, officer or auditor or publication of any notice or other document shall be conclusive evidence thereof and shall be binding on every shareholder, director, officer or auditor of the Corporation as the case may be.

## **Section 12.4 Notice to Joint Shareholders**

All notices with respect to shares registered in more than one name shall, if more than one address appears on the records of the Corporation in respect of such joint holdings, be given to all of such joint shareholders at the first address so appearing and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to the holders of such shares.

## **Section 12.5 Computation of Time**

In computing the date when notice must be given under any provision requiring a specified number of days notice of any meeting or other event both the date of giving the notice and the date of the meeting or other event shall be excluded.

## **Section 12.6 Undelivered Notices**

If any notice given to a shareholder pursuant to Section 12.1 is returned on three consecutive occasions because he or she cannot be found, the Corporation shall not be required to give any further notices to such shareholder until he or she informs the Corporation in writing of his or her new address.

## **Section 12.7 Omissions and Errors**

The accidental omission to give any notice to any shareholder, director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board or the non-receipt of any notice by any such person or any error in any notice not affecting the substance thereof shall not invalidate any action taken at any meeting held pursuant to such notice or otherwise found thereon.

## **Section 12.8 Deceased Shareholders**

Any notice or other document delivered or sent by post or left at the address of any shareholder as the same appears in the records of the Corporation shall, notwithstanding that such shareholder be then deceased, and whether or not the Corporation has notice of such shareholder's decease, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of the shares held by such shareholder (whether held solely or with any person or persons) until some other person be entered in his or her stead in the records of the Corporation as the holder or one of the holders thereof and such service shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his or her heirs, executors or administrators and on all persons, if any, interested with him or her in such shares.

### **Section 12.9 Persons Entitled by Death or Operation of Law**

Every person who, by operation of law, transfer, death of a shareholder or any other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which shall have been duly given to the shareholder from whom he or she derives his or her title to such share prior to his or her name and address being entered on the securities register (whether such notice was given before or after the happening of the event upon which he or she became so entitled) and prior to his or her furnishing to the Corporation the proof of authority or evidence of his or her entitlement prescribed by the Act.

### **Section 12.10 Waiver of Notice**

Any shareholder (or his or her duly appointed proxyholder), director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board may at any time waive any notice, or waive or abridge the time for any notice, required to be given to him or her under any provision of the Act, the regulations thereunder, the Articles, the by-law or otherwise and such waiver or abridgement, whether given before or after the meeting or other event of which notice is required to be given shall cure any default in the giving or in the time of such notice, as the case may be. Any such waiver or abridgement shall be in writing except a waiver of notice of a meeting of shareholders or of the Board or of a committee of the Board which may be given in any manner.

## **ARTICLE 13 DECLARATIONS**

### **Section 13.1 Holder**

The Board may require, at all times, that any holder of Voting Shares of its share capital, the Agent of such holder, a Participant in whose name the Voting Shares of the Corporation are registered or the Depository, must provide any relevant information required to enable it to apply the restrictions on the issue, transfer, ownership, control or voting of Voting Shares of the Corporation set out in the Act, the Canada Transportation Act and the Articles.

### **Section 13.2 Transfer or issue of shares**

The Board may require, prior to accepting any transfer of or subscription for Voting Shares of the Corporation's share capital, that the prospective holder, the Agent of such holder, the Participant in whose name such Voting Shares are registered, or the Depository, provide any relevant information required to enable it to apply the restrictions on the issue, transfer, ownership, control or voting of Voting Shares of the Corporation set out in the Act, the Canada Transportation Act and the Articles.

### **Section 13.3 Failure to provide a declaration or any other information**

- (1) When a Person, the Agent of such Person, the Participant in whose name the Voting Shares of the Corporation are registered, or the Depository are required to provide a declaration or any other information required pursuant to this by-law and fail to comply with such obligation, the directors may take the following measures until such Person, the Agent of such Person, the Participant, or the Depository has provided the declaration or the information concerned:
  - (a) refuse to recognize all ownership rights attributable to the Voting Shares, including the voting rights attached to such Voting Shares, to register a transfer of a Voting Share in such Person's name or, as the case may be in the name of the Person for whom the Participant or the Agent is acting or to issue a Voting Share to such Person or the Person for whom the Agent or the Participant is acting;

- (b) where the Voting Shares concerned are registered with the Depository, regardless of whether the failure is attributable to the Depository or the Participant, order the Depository to exclude the Voting Shares of the Participant from the Registration System and to refuse any new request by the Participant for registration in the Registration System; or
- (c) take any other measure deemed necessary in order to give effect to the provisions concerning the restrictions on the issue, transfer, ownership, control or voting of Voting Shares of the Corporation set out in the Act, the Canada Transportation Act and the Articles.

#### **ARTICLE 14 ADDITIONAL POWERS**

The Board may, when it deems it appropriate in order to apply the provisions concerning the restrictions on the issue, transfer, ownership, control or voting of Voting Shares of the Corporation set out in the Act, the Canada Transportation Act, the Articles and this by-law:

- (1) name and sign any contract with third Persons, and particularly with the Transfer Agent and Depository, namely in order to assist in obtaining and following-up on the declarations and various information it requires as well as in applying the sanctions related to a Person's failure to comply with the Act, the Canada Transportation Act, the Articles, or this by-law, as the case may be; and
- (2) implement all control mechanisms and adopt all the procedures it may require from time to time, and in particular; (i) implement and adopt certificates of control of the Canadian or Non-Canadian status of the holders of Voting Shares of the Corporation's capital; and (ii) implement any specific compensation procedure in respect of the Voting Shares held by Canadians or Non-Canadians and subject to the Registration System.

#### **ARTICLE 15 SHARE CERTIFICATES**

The Board is authorized to adopt and make, from time to time, all the amendments to the Corporation's share certificate forms required to give effect to the provisions concerning the restrictions on the issue, transfer and ownership of Voting Shares of the Corporation set out in the Articles.

#### **ARTICLE 16 ADVANCE NOTICE**

##### **Section 16.1 Nominating Procedures**

Subject to the Act, the Articles and Applicable Securities Laws, only persons who are nominated in accordance with the following procedures shall be eligible for election as directors of the Corporation. Nominations of persons for election to the Board may only be made at an annual meeting of shareholders, or at a special meeting of shareholders if one of the purposes for which the meeting was called was the election of directors:

- (a) by or at the direction of the Board, including pursuant to a notice of meeting;
- (b) by or at the direction or request of one or more shareholders pursuant to a proposal made in accordance with the provisions of the Act, or a requisition of the shareholders made in accordance with the provisions of the Act; or
- (c) by any person entitled to vote at such meeting (a "**Nominating Shareholder**") who:

- (i) at the close of business on the date of the giving of the notice provided for below in this by-law and on the record date for notice of such meeting of shareholders, is entered in the securities register of the Corporation as a holder of one or more shares carrying the right to vote at such meeting or who beneficially owns shares that are entitled to be voted at such meeting; and
- (ii) complies with the notice procedures set forth below in this by-law.

## **Section 16.2 Notice of Nomination**

- (1) In addition to any other applicable requirements, for a nomination to be made by a Nominating Shareholder, the Nominating Shareholder must have given timely notice thereof in proper written form to the Secretary of the Corporation at the principal executive offices of the Corporation in accordance with this by-law.
- (2) To be timely, a Nominating Shareholder's notice to the Secretary of the Corporation must be made:
  - (a) in the case of an annual meeting of shareholders (including an annual and special meeting), not less than 30 days prior to the date of the annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting of shareholders is to be held on a date that is less than 50 days after the date on which the first Public Announcement (the "**Notice Date**") of the date of the annual meeting was made, notice by the Nominating Shareholder may be made not later than the close of business on the 10<sup>th</sup> day following the Notice Date; and
  - (b) in the case of a special meeting (which is not also an annual meeting) of shareholders called for any purpose which includes the election of directors (whether or not called for other purposes as well), not later than the close of business on the 15<sup>th</sup> day following the day on which the first Public Announcement of the date of the special meeting of shareholders was made.
- (3) To be in proper written form, a Nominating Shareholder's notice to the Secretary of the Corporation must set forth:
  - (a) as to each person whom the Nominating Shareholder proposes to nominate for election as a director (each, a "**Proposed Nominee**"):
    - (i) the name, age, business address and residential address of the person;
    - (ii) the principal occupation or employment of the person, both presently and for the past five years;
    - (iii) the status of such person as a "**resident Canadian**" as defined in the Act;
    - (iv) the class or series and number of Voting Shares in the capital of the Corporation, or any of its subsidiaries, which are controlled, or which are owned beneficially or of record by the person, directly or indirectly, as of the record date for the meeting of shareholders (if such date shall then have been made publicly available and shall have occurred) and as of the date of such notice;
    - (v) a description of any relationships, agreements, arrangements, or understandings (including financial, compensation or indemnity related) between the Proposed Nominee or any affiliates or associates of, or any person or entity acting jointly or in concert with, the Proposed Nominee or the Nominating Shareholder, in

connection with the Proposed Nominee's nomination and election as director;  
and

- (vi) any other information relating to the person that would be required to be disclosed in a dissident proxy circular or other filings required to be made in connection with the solicitation of proxies for election of directors pursuant to the Act and Applicable Securities Laws.

(b) as to the Nominating Shareholder giving the notice:

- (i) the name, age, business and residential address of such Nominating Shareholder;
- (ii) number of securities of each class of voting securities of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries beneficially owned, or controlled or directed, directly or indirectly, by the Nominating Shareholder or any other person with whom the Nominating Shareholder is acting jointly or in concert with respect to the Corporation or any of its securities, as of the record date for the meeting of shareholders (if such date shall then have been made publicly available and shall have occurred) and as of the date of such notice; and
- (iii) any other information relating to such person that would be required to be made in a dissident proxy circular or other filings required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for election of directors pursuant to the Act and Applicable Securities Laws.

- (4) Reference to "Nominating Shareholder" in this Section 16.2 shall be deemed to refer to each shareholder that nominated or seeks to nominate a person for election as director in the case of a nomination proposal where more than one shareholder is involved in making the nomination proposal.
- (5) Subject to applicable law, all information provided by the Proposed Nominee or Nominating Shareholder which has been requested by the Corporation shall (as soon as practicable after receipt of the information) be made publicly available to shareholders by the Corporation.
- (6) All information to be provided in a timely notice pursuant to paragraph (3) above shall be provided as of the date of such notice. To be considered timely and in proper written form, a Nominating Shareholder's notice shall be promptly updated and supplemented, if necessary so that the information provided or required to be provided in such notice shall be true and correct as of the record date for the meeting.
- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this by-law, notice given to the Secretary of the Corporation pursuant to this by-law may only be given by personal delivery, facsimile transmission or by email (at such email address as may be stipulated from time to time by the Secretary of the Corporation for purposes of this notice), and shall be deemed to have been given and made only at the time it is served by personal delivery, email or sent by facsimile transmission (provided that receipt of confirmation of such transmission has been received) to the Secretary of the Corporation at the address of the principal executive offices of the Corporation; provided that if such delivery or electronic communication is made on a day which is a not a business day or later than 5:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on a day which is a business day, then such delivery or electronic communication shall be deemed to have been made on the subsequent day that is a business day.

**Section 16.3 Compliance**

- (1) No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the Corporation unless nominated in accordance with the provisions of this by-law; provided, however, that nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to preclude discussion by a shareholder (as distinct from the nomination of directors) at a meeting of shareholders of any matter in respect of which it would have been entitled to submit a proposal pursuant to the provisions of the Act. The chair of the meeting shall have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in the foregoing provisions and, if any proposed nomination is not in compliance with such foregoing provisions, to declare that such defective nomination shall be disregarded.
- (2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board may, in its sole discretion, waive all or any requirements in this Article 16.

**ARTICLE 17  
REPEAL OF BY-LAWS NO. 1, 2 AND 3**

**Section 17.1 Repeal**

By-Law No. 1, By-Law No. 2 and By-Law No. 3 of the Corporation are repealed as of the coming into force of this by-law. Such repeal shall not affect the previous operation of By-Law No. 1, By-Law No. 2 and By-Law No. 3 so repealed or affect the validity of any act done or right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired or incurred under By-Law No. 1, By-Law No. 2 and By-Law No. 3 prior to their repeal.

**ARTICLE 18  
EFFECTIVE DATE**

**Section 18.1 Effective Date**

This by-law comes into force when made by the directors in accordance with the Act.

This by-law was made by resolution of the directors on February 18, 2020.

"Paul Godfrey"  
Paul Godfrey

"Ajay K. Virmani"  
Ajay K. Virmani

"James R. Crane"  
James R. Crane

"John Webster"  
John Webster

"Arlene Dickinson"  
Arlene Dickinson

This by-law was confirmed by resolution of the shareholders on March 30, 2020.